



## What next?

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## What next: focus on....

### Railpad 1.0->2.0

- More silent rolling stock -> need for more silent track
  - Better “maintenance” grinding is needed
  - Higher Track Decay Rate or rail damping is needed
- > A new type of railpad was developed and is currently installed on the Belgian network

### TDL (Track Dynamics logger)

- More silent track -> OK , but where is the track silent or noisy or vibrating so where exactly is action needed
  - Depends on a lot of parameter: roughness, TDR, welding's, discontinuities, switches, bridges, tunnels,...
- > A new 12 channel monitoring systems on 4 measurement trains

## Railpad: Requirement for Noise cancelling

### WHY FOCUS ON THE RAILPAD?

- Dominant component in contact with rail (+ isolator)
- Unused potential to add damping



### GOAL

- Not by extreme stiffening (distribution of forces in ballast)
- Maximum of damping restrict “ pin-pin” mode of rail

### IDEAL NOISE REDUCTION RAILPAD

- Soft to distribute axle forces at low frequencies (axle passage)
- High damping at high frequency (1000Hz) to damp rail vibration & noise emission



Fig. 1. Pin-pin vibration mode (first mode).

# Test locations

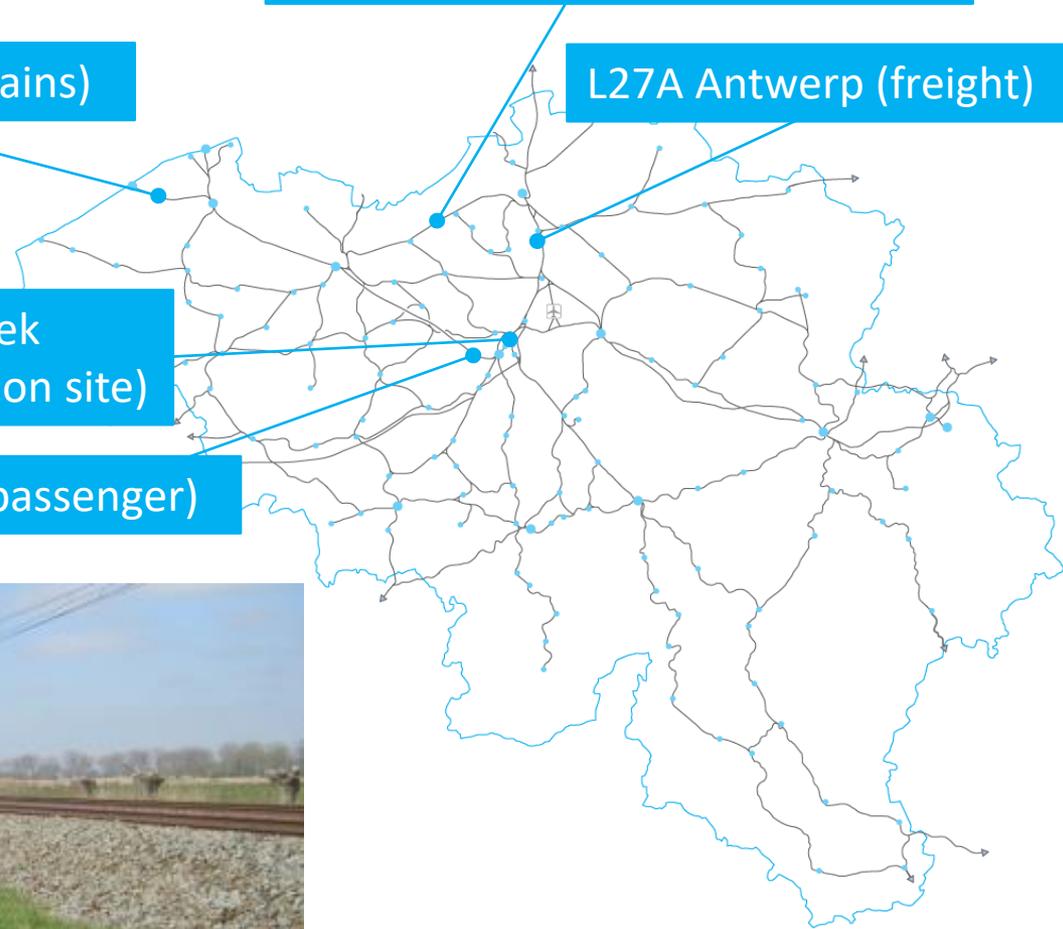
L50A Varsenare (passenger trains)

L59 Belsele (passenger & freight)

L27A Antwerp (freight)

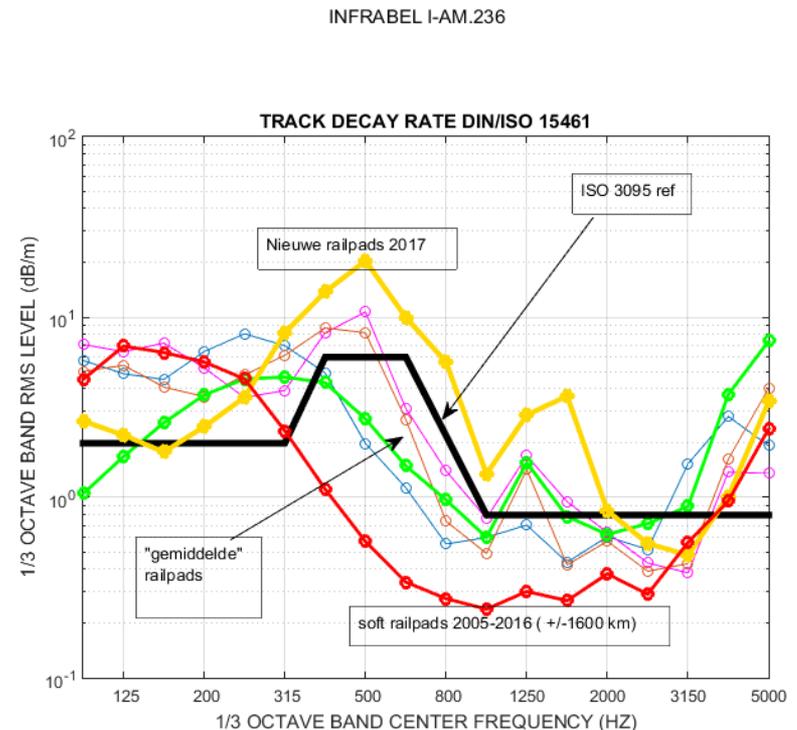
L27A Schaarbeek  
(TDR qualification site)

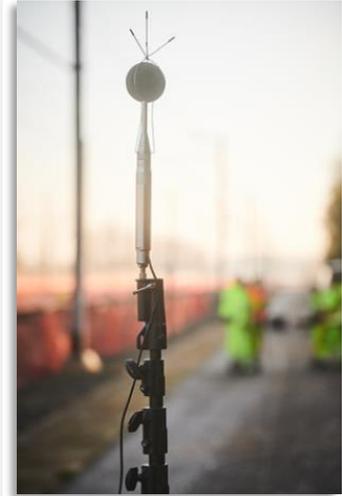
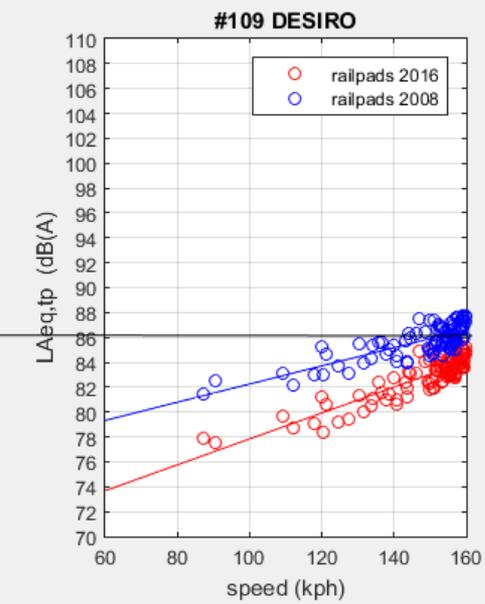
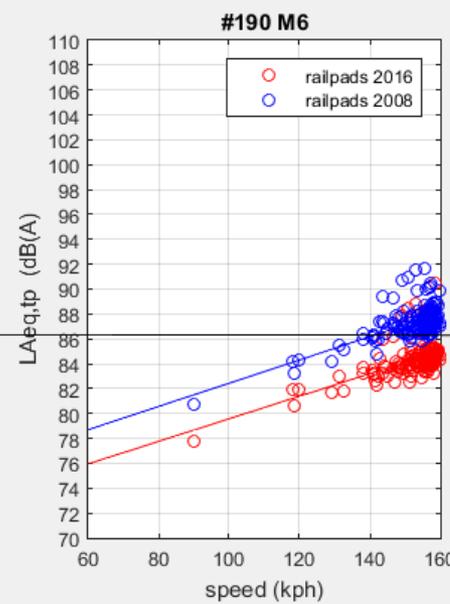
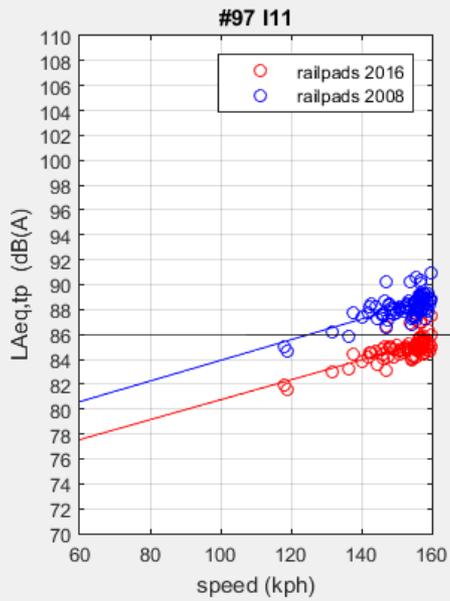
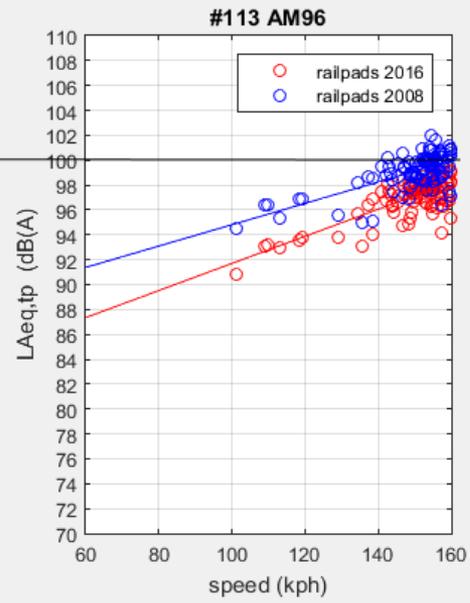
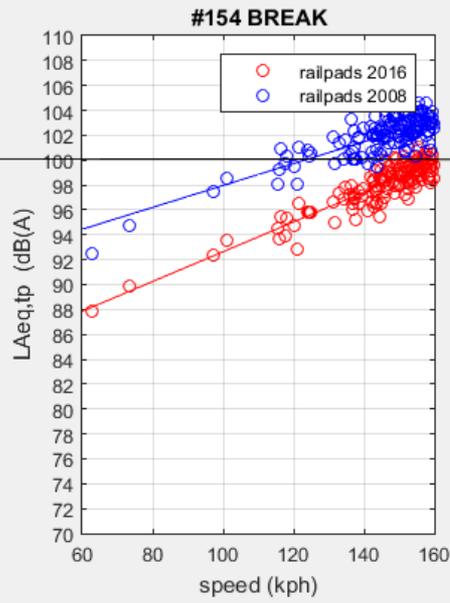
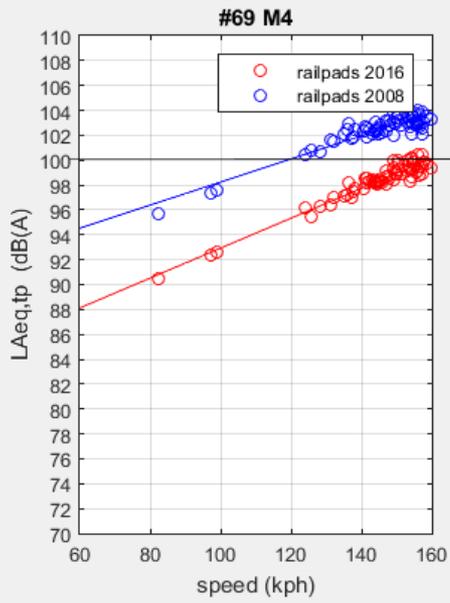
L50C Dilbeek (passenger)



# Railpad 2.0: Technical specification L63 (version 2016)

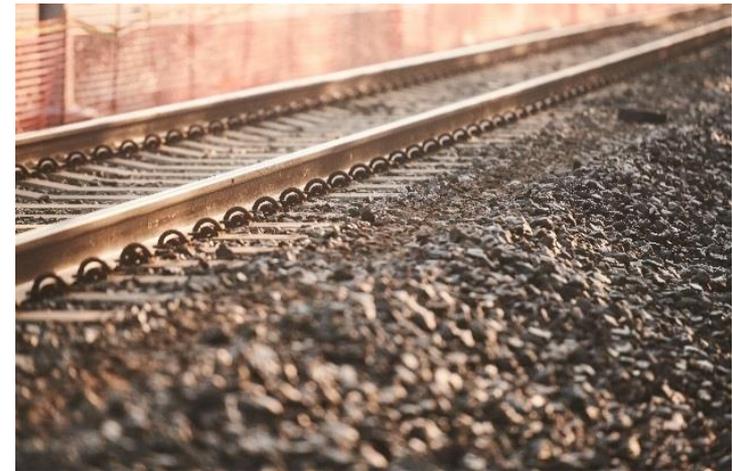
- Beside stiffness also damping is included
- Requirement on damping:
  - TDR EN15461 on standard Infrabe track
  - Protection of forces into sleepers (EN13146/3)
  - Measurement of accelerance in track: modal damping at PIN-PIN mode





## Conclusion Railpad 2.0:

- Today a first supplier is qualified
- Qualification of two other suppliers is ongoing (first test = TDR in track)
- Installation of railpad 2.0 ongoing:
  - 2017 about 40km
  - Installed when complete track is renewed
  - Full speed from 2018:  
100 -150- 200-...km/year
  - Trying to change pad also when rail is renewed



## TDL (Track dynamics logger)

- Upgrade of a 2011 version: 1 train
  - 4 accelerometers
  - 2 microfoons
  - 1m position precision
  - Network 2 times a year



Towards

- TDL 2018 version: 4 measurement trains
  - 8 accelerometers
  - 4 microfoons
  - 10cm position precision
  - Network 8-10 times a year



## TDL (Track dynamics loggers)

- **Project ongoing**

- Development and hardware selection (N&V & Position)
- Automatic measurement
- Automatic on-train processing
- Transfert to fix servers
- Parameter extraction versus track quality
- AI & Deep learning techniques
- Trend analysis /predictive maintenance

- **Input for**

- Asset management, component detection
- Wheel railnoise calculation
- Noise mapping
- Action plans



## Conclusion TDL

- **Actual Status**

- Installed and “auto”- active in 2 trains
- Copy/paste by the end of 2019 in 2 others trains

- **From 2020 on till ....**

### **Continuous and automated use for**

- Asset management, component detection
- Noise mapping
- Action plans
- **Nearly as-is acoustical status of the tracks for a whole network.**

Thank you for your attention!!

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