

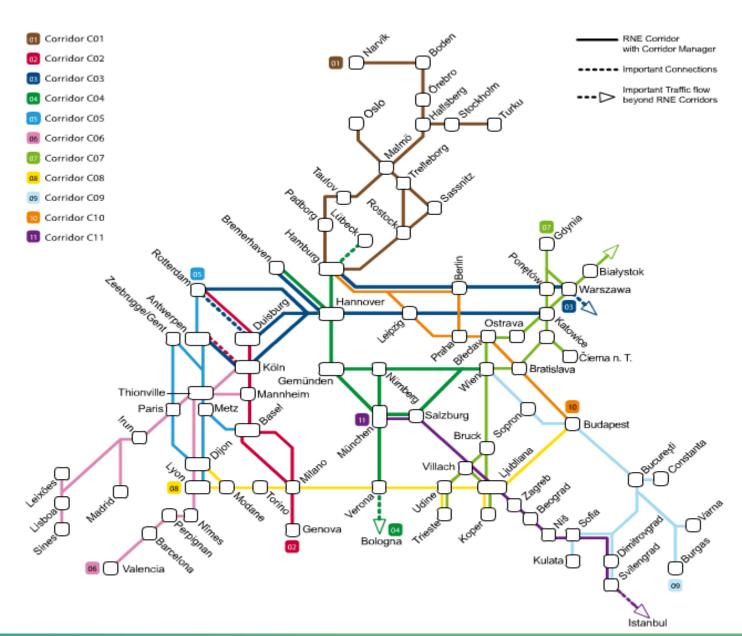
Fostering an international approach to support freight in Europe

7 CORRIDORS AS VECTORS FOR COOPERATION

Joost Overdijkink, Senior Advisor Freight RAME webinar, 14 October 2020

Corridor beginnings, 2004...

- RNE: Rail Net Europe (created 2004, by IMs and Capacity Allocation Bodies)
- Exclusively on railway corridors, numbered 1 to 11
- Voluntary coordination common processes and tools (ex. pathfinder, realtime train data, etc.)



Initial multi-modal corridors, 2007-2013

- Multimodal but with rail priority
- 30 projects
- Budget EU 2007-2013: 8 billion euros
 - Cofinancing studies up to 50%
 - Realisation projects up to 20/30%
- On total EU Budget of 225 billion euros



Stockholm Rail Freight Corridors (RFCs), 2010... Tallinn () Hallsberg () Katrineholm Göteborg 💍 Mjölby Riga Glasgow Edinburgh Malmö North Sea - Mediterranean Trelleborg Scandinavian - Mediterranean Kaunas Padborg O Lübeck Rostock Świnouiście Baltic - Adriatic Gdańsk Bremerhaven Wilhelmshaven 🔘 🔘 Mediterranean Hamburg Szczecin Incwrocław Orient / East-Med Uelzen Rotterdam Berlin Poznań North Sea - Baltic Terespol Czech-Slovak / Rhine - Danube Radom Roosendaal Terneuzer Löhne Alpine - Western Balkan Magdeburg London Falkenberg Duishurg / Amber Oberhausen Dresden (Fulda Multi-corridor station Frankfurt/Main Calais Würzburg Praha Česká Třebová Single-corridor station Plzeń Bettemboura Le Havre Matovce Čierna nac Tisou Stuttgart Záhony Augsburg Dijon Rosenheim Salzburg St Nazaire La Rochelle 🔘 O Innsbruck Villach A Brenner / Bordeaux Ambérieu Brennero Novara Milano Bayonne Braşov Bilbao Padova Hendaye / Valence (Alessandria Arquata Craiova Nimes Beograd Rijeka Miranda Constanta de Ebro Avignon Leixões / Fig. Vilafant Genova La Spezia Ravenna Medina del Karnobat D Burgas Fos / Marseille O Ancona Pisa C Sofia Tarragona Figueres Livorno 🔘 Svilengrad Manzanares Kulata ○ Valencia Lisboa Linares Cartagena Thessaloniki Taranto Napoli Almería Palermo Patra O Messina Augusta ₱2020 RNE Any use without modifications of this map in electronic or printed publications is permitted with the explicit reference to RNE as the author and holder of the copyright.

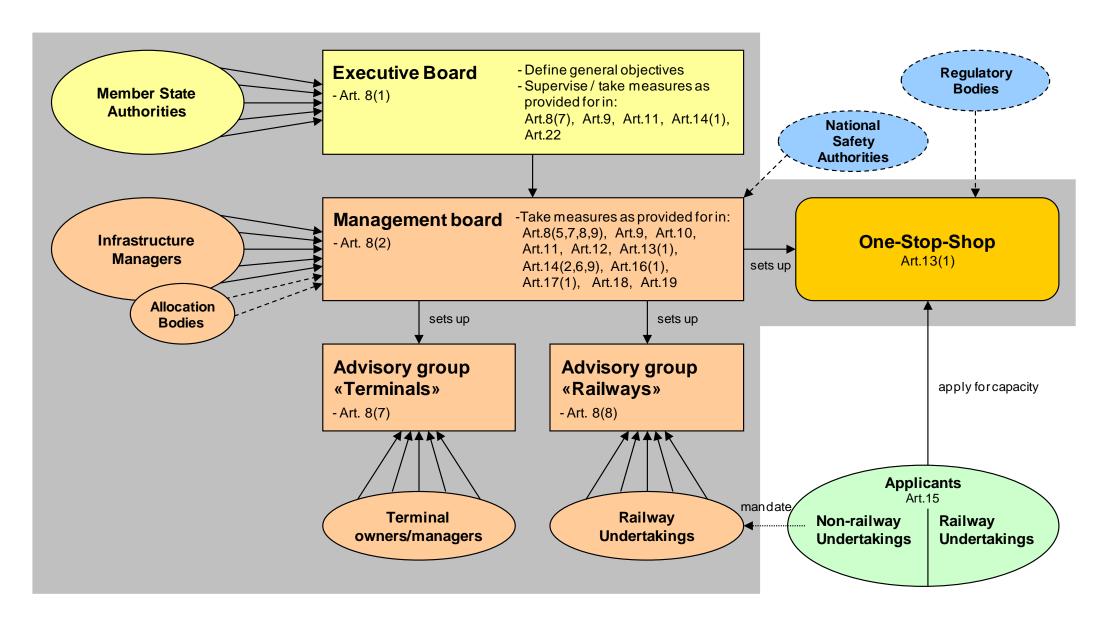
Corridor basics

- Corridors chosen along existing traffic flows and potential, promising new flows
- Connect to transcontinental corridors via Belorussia, Turkey and the Black Sea.

Principle products:

- > Offer guaranteed paths along the corridors
- > Coordinate works along the corridor
- > Coordinate disruption management
- Corridors are legal entity, with a management structure, a Railway Advisory Group and an Executive Board with states' representation.

RFC Governance



Rail Freight Corridor (RFC) Network overview

EU policy: Regulation (EU) No 913/2010: Implementation and development of Europewide network of Rail Freight Corridors (Additional to TEN-T Regulation)

Geographics

- * 11 corridors, completion 2030.
- In the eyes of RUs, corridors are precursor of Network wide TEN-T parameter implementation

Objective of Regulation:

Make rail freight compatible with other modes.

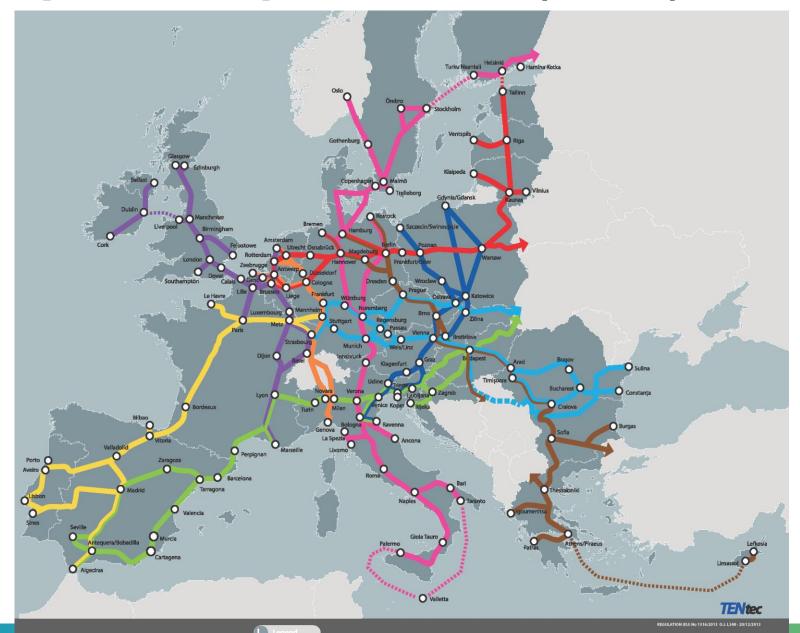
Good quality and sufficiently financed railway infrastructure > freight transport services to be provided under good conditions:

- Compatible commercial speed
- Compatible journey times
- **Reliable**: service provided by Infra Manager (IM) corresponds to contractual agreement between IM and <u>Railway Undertakings (RUs)</u>.

Products:

Capacity reserved for freight, coordinated across borders, platform for international traffic issues to be addressed, coordination of Works along the corridor, coordination of disruption management

Trans-European Transport Network (TEN-T)



Harmonised infrastructure

Main infra parameters for corridors:

- ERTMS
- Loading gauge P400
- Electrification
- 740m trains
- 22.5 tons axle load

UIC corridor requirements and parameter study:

https://uic.org/IMG/pdf/requirements-ru-4the-implementation-of-european-rail-freight-corridors.pdf

Trans-European Transport Network (TEN-T) overview

EU policy: Regulation (EU) No 1315/2013: Implementation and development of Europe-wide network of:

- Railway lines and terminals
- Roads
- Inland waterways & Maritime shipping routes
- Ports & Airports

Part of EU objective: Single European Transport Area: Seamless, safe and sustainable mobility of persons and goods

Geographics

- Core Network: 9 corridors, completion of parameter implementation 2030.
- Comprehensive Network: covers all European regions completion 2050

Objective of Regulation:

- Close gaps
- Remove bottlenecks
- Remove technical barriers (harmonized infrastructure)
- Strengthen social, economic and territorial cohesion in the EU

Standard parameters for harmonized infrastructure: 740m trains, 22.5 max axle load, loading gauge CP70/400, electrification, ERTMS

Tools

Financial incentives via different support programs.



- > Smooth, 'borderless' international traffic
 - harmonised infrastructure parameters, rules, procedures
- Smooth interchange between modes
- Enough capacity conforming to market needs



Trans-European Network and Rail Freight Corridors



- **Challenge for Rail:** Regulations cannot be enforced **Consequences:** Products mostly not market oriented or sub-par Positive: Flexible paths There is an official international platform, recognized by all EU governments, where IMs and RUs meet and can address their issues related to international freight. RUs are increasingly heard. Cooperation is fostered. **✓ RUs unite in their messaging** IMs cooperate more on cross border
 - ✓ Harmonization of processen is taking place, UIC often coordinator

International Contingency Management

Rastatt, Germany, Corridor 1 Rhine-Alpine Interruption 12th August – 2nd October 2017

Finding 1:

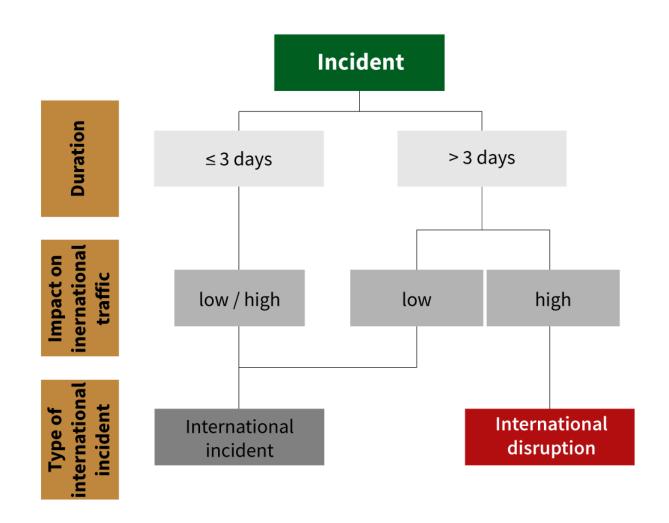
- The interruption of Rastatt brought the automated production to a complete stop on the Rhine-Alpine Corridor.
- From up to 200 block trains per day only a maximum of 70-80 could be diverted.
- Rail diversions covered only 1/3 of demand

Finding 2:

National railway regulations prevent RUs from being fast, flexible, compensatory and highly adaptive:

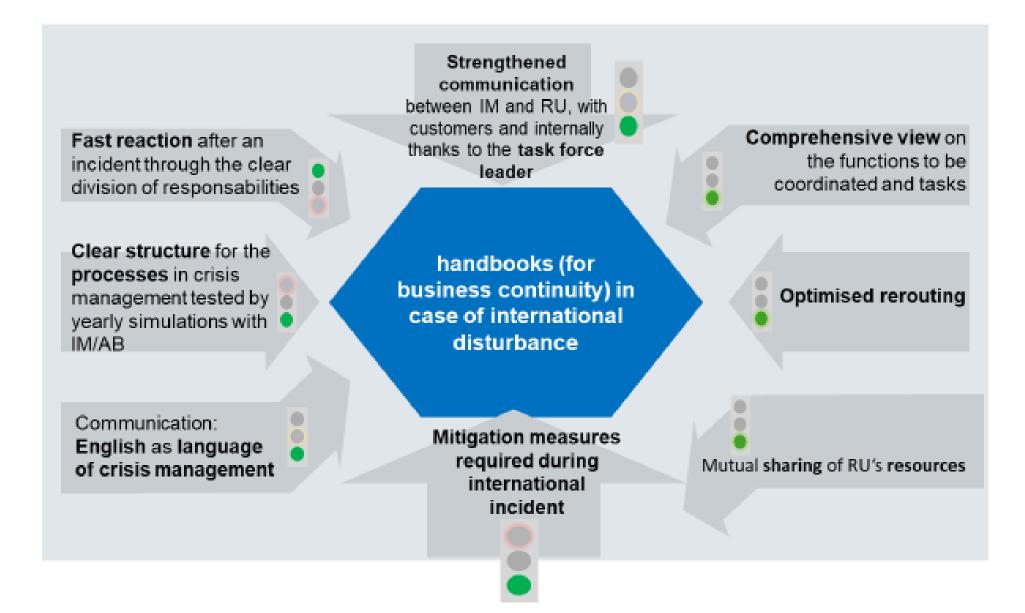
- Official language
- Route knowledge
- Driving licences
- Loco type approval & registration
- · Etc...

What is an international disruption?

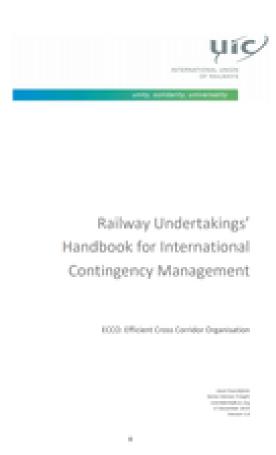


Source: RNE website

How rail sector deals with international contingencies



Railway Undertakings' Handbook for International Contingency Management



- Freight railway handbook accessible via UIC website
- Published as UIC IRS end 2020
- Inframanagers handbook accessible via RNE website

https://uic.org/IMG/pdf/railway undertaking s handbook for international contingency management 1.0.pdf https://rne.eu/wp-content/uploads/International Contingency Management Handbook final v1.5.pdf

Conclusion

- ✓ Example of international cooperation fostered by corridor concept
- ✓ Success that can be long-lasting
- ✓ Of increasing importance as quality goes up
- ✓ UIC as coordinator of railway undertakings' work



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